CH1019 Chemical Process Technology

Lecture 4c

Chapter 3 Fertilizer Industries

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Overview of topics

Chapter 3 FERTILIZER INDUSTRIES

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- Nitrogen industries
- Phosphorous industries
- Potassium industries

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The word potash has come from the fact that extraction of wood ashes with water produces a $KOH-K_2CO_3$ solution.

Metallic potassium was first prepared by electrolysis of fused KOH.

The largest domestic production of potassium salts has come

from deep Permian sedimentary deposits of sylvinite.

The major products associated with potassium are:

- 1. Potassium chloride
- 2. Potassium sulfate
- 3. Potassium bisulfate
- 4. Potassium hydroxide
- 5. Potassium carbonate
- 6. Potassium bromide
- 7. Potassium iodide
- 8. Potassium nitrate
- 9. Potassium permanganate
- 10. Potassium dichromate

Potassium chloride - The chemical compound **potassium chloride** (KCI) is a metal halide salt composed of potassium and chloride.

- It is odorless and has a white or colorless vitreous crystal appearance.
- The solid dissolves readily in water and its solutions have a salt-like taste.
- KCl is used in medicine, food processing, and used to cause cardiac arrest as the third drug in the "three drug cocktail" for executions by lethal injection.
- It occurs naturally as the mineral sylvite and in combination with sodium chloride as sylvinite.

Potassium chloride Uses:

- The majority of the potassium chloride produced is used for making fertilizer.
- As a chemical feedstock, it is used for the manufacture of potassium hydroxide and potassium metal.
- Potassium chloride is used in some de-icing products that are designed to be safer for pets and plants.

Potassium sulfate:

- Potassium sulfate (K₂SO₄) also called sulphate of potash, is a nonflammable white crystalline salt which is soluble in water. The chemical compound is commonly used in fertilizers, providing both potassium and sulfur.
- The mineral form of potassium sulfate, arcanite, is relatively rare. Natural resources of potassium sulfate are minerals abundant in the Stassfurt salt.

Potassium sulfate:

- The dominant use of potassium sulfate is as a fertilizer.
- K₂SO₄ does not contain chloride, which can be harmful to some crops.
 Potassium sulfate is preferred for these crops, which include tobacco and some fruits and vegetables.
- Crops that are less sensitive may still require potassium sulfate for optimal growth if the soil accumulates chloride from irrigation water.
- The crude salt is also used occasionally in the manufacture of glass.
 Potassium sulfate is also used as a flash reducer in artillery propellant charges.

Sulfur Industries

References

- Dryden C. E, Outlines of Chemical technology for the 21st Century, 3rd edition, East-West Press (2004)
- 2. Austin G. T, *Shreve's Chemical Process Industries*, 5th edition, Mc Graw Hill International editions (1984)