

CH0401 Process Engineering Economics

Lecture 3a

Balasubramanian S



Department of Chemical Engineering
SRM University



Process Engineering Economics

- 1 **Economics of Selecting Alternatives**
- 2 Annual cost method
- 3 Present worth method
- 4 Replacement – Rate-of-return method
- 5 Payout time method

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Four different methods used in the **calculation of profitability** or in **the economic selection of alternatives** they are

1. Annual cost method
2. Present worth method
3. Rate-of-return method and
4. Payout time

Process Engineering Economics – *Methods*

- If R is used as the basis, the procedure is called annual cost method, and **a comparison is made of all the pertinent (or relevant) annual direct costs plus the capital recovery.**

$$R = P \left(\frac{i(1+i)^n}{(1+i)^n - 1} \right)$$

$$R = (P - L) \times \left(\frac{i(1+i)^n}{(1+i)^n - 1} \right) + L \times i$$

- If P is used as the basis the procedure is called the present worth method and **the cost is equal to the sum of present worth's of all the pertinent (or relevant) annual direct costs and capital recovery cost (or the initial cost of installation).** If the installation is replaced during the time period considered then the present worth of this renewal must also be added to the total.

$$P = R \left(\frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i(1+i)^n} \right)$$

Process Engineering Economics – *Methods*

- If the comparison is made on the basis of interest i earned on the alternative investments where R is a periodic return obtained by alternate equipment for n periods, the rate of return method is used.

$$R = (P - L) \times \left(\frac{i(1+i)^n}{(1+i)^n - 1} \right) + L \times i + \text{AOP}$$

- If a comparison is made for the number of periods that are required before a periodic saving or return R will equal to the original investment P at some interest rate i then payout time method is used.

$$n = \frac{-\log\left(1 - \frac{iP}{R}\right)}{\log(1+i)}, \text{ years}$$



Process Engineering Economics – *Methods*

In general the **first two methods** (annual and present worth method) are used **where small amounts of capital is involved and isolated pieces of equipment are under consideration**, whereas the **later two methods** (rate-of-return and payout time) are employed where **the capital investments are large and the influence of profits tax must be considered** and are more **generally applicable to complete processes or plants**.

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